

**INNCOM**  
international, inc.

## INSTALLATION/ USER MANUAL

Installation/User  
Manual-X529/e529  
Revision 3.1  
Issued 9/12/06

### X529 Logic Board and e529 Battery Powered Thermostat



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## Introduction

The X529 (Figure 1) is an HVAC control board designed to be mounted inside the room FCU/PTAC enclosure. An infrared (IR) transceiver module connected to the X529 provides wireless communication between the X529 and the e529 battery-operated, wall-mounted thermostat (Figure 2). The X529 board is the “brains” of an X529/e529 installation and contains the hardware, connection terminals, and logic to control the HVAC unit. The e529 is the battery-powered “user interface” to the X529 (via its LCD display and buttons) and contains an internal IR transceiver, a PIR motion sensor, and a temperature and optional humidity sensor. Button presses and readings from the e529 temperature and optional humidity and occupancy sensors are passed to the X529 via IR. All logic and decision making with regards to controlling room temperature and humidity (if desired) is handled by the X529.

The X529 also provides the functionality to communicate and interact with other INNCOM System 5 components installed in the guestroom, such as S541 door/window switch, S217 light switch, and TCT central interface port. The communication can be wireless, using IR5, or wired via the S5-bus, which is INNCOM's System 5 communication bus.

The X529 HVAC outputs available at header H1 are simply active low transistor outputs that cannot drive the inputs of a typical PTAC/FCU. Therefore, two interface boards are available that connect to the X529 H1 output header and convert the X529 low voltage outputs to the appropriate signals required by the particular HVAC unit to be controlled:

- RB05 Triac Board (INNCOM Part Number 02-9490.AA). Controlling PTAC/PTHP/FCU units with a 24VAC low-voltage interface. Uses “High-Side” switching.
- X06 Line Voltage Relay Board (INNCOM P/N 02-9480). Controlling PTAC/PTHP/FCU units with a line voltage interface.



**Figure 1. X529 Logic Board**



**Figure 2. e529 Battery Thermostat**

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## Section 1 Installing the e529 Battery Powered Thermostat

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### 1.1 Required installation materials:

#### e529 Battery Powered Thermostat:

- Four 6-8 X  $\frac{3}{4}$  plastic conical anchors if mounting to sheetrock wall
- Four 6-32 X  $\frac{3}{4}$  sheet metal screws if attaching to a 4X4 electrical box; provided with e529 kit
- Four AA alkaline batteries; provided with e529 kit
- #0 Phillips screwdriver

### 1.2 Position the e529 as follows:

- 1.2.1 On a partitioning interior wall, and approximately 5 feet (1.5M) above the floor in a location of average room temperature and with an unobstructed view between the e529 and the X529. Although the IR path between the e529 and X529 does not have to be direct line-of-sight, objects such as walls, furniture, hanging lamps, and similar obstructions can impact the IR signal between the e529 and the X529. If possible, mount the e529 in a location that minimizes these obstructions.
- 1.2.2 Away from direct sunlight and radiant heat, outside walls and doors, air discharge grills, and stairwells. Do not mount *behind* an interior door.
- 1.2.3 Away from steam or water pipes, warm air stacks, unheated/uncooled areas, and sources of electrical interference.
- 1.2.4 Away from fluorescent light fixtures if possible.

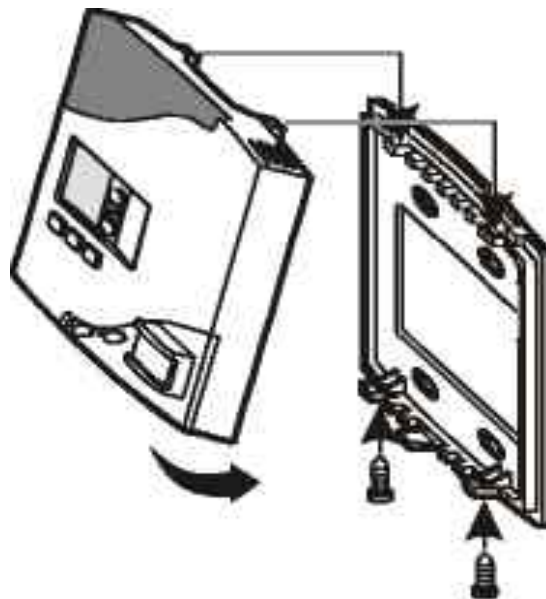
### 1.3 Mount the e529 Battery Powered Thermostat as follows:

- 1.3.1 Separate the e529 body and the mounting plate by pulling the bottom of the mounting plate away from the e528 body and then pull the mounting plate down.

**NOTE: If the back-mounting plate is rotated more than 2 or 3 degrees, the plastic tabs at the top of the plate may fracture or break off.**

- 1.3.2 Attach the mounting plate to the wall or electrical box with the arrow embossed on the mounting plate pointing upward.
- 1.3.3 The e529 is provided with four 6-32  $\frac{3}{4}$ " sheet metal screws for use if mounting the plate to an existing 4"X4" electrical box. If attaching the mounting plate to a sheetrock or similar wall surface, install four 6-8 X  $\frac{3}{4}$  anchors. The 4 holes on the mounting plate can be used to mark the location for the anchors.
- 1.3.4 Install the 4 AA alkaline batteries provided with the e529 kit into the e529 battery compartment located on the rear of the e529. **NOTE: Use alkaline batteries only.**
- 1.3.5 Depress the battery clamp latch at the top of the battery compartment and then swing open the battery clamp. Insert the 4 AA alkaline batteries, matching the "+" terminals on the batteries to the "+" symbols in the battery compartment. Close the battery clamp and verify the latch is securely fastened.

- 1.3.5 Verify that the e529 display is now showing information. If the display is blank, verify that the batteries are completely installed with the right polarities and that the batteries are not "dead."
- 1.3.6 Hook the tabs at the top rear of the e529 housing into the matching depressions at the top of mounting plate and rotate the bottom of the e529 housing toward the wall until it snaps into the place on the mounting plate.
- 1.3.7 Secure the e529 housing to the mounting plate with the two small screws provided with the e529. The screws thread into two small holes on the bottom of the e529 housing (Figure 3).



**Figure 3. Housing and Mounting Plate**

## Section 2 Installing the X529 Thermostat Controller

### 2.1 Required installation materials:

#### X529 with RB05:

- Two ½" long, #8 mod truss lath self-drilling screws
- 12", 8-pin X529 low voltage harness (INNCOM Part Number 62-1449); provided with X529
- 8 wire nuts or "Dolphin" connectors sized to connect 16 to 22 gauge stranded wiring
- Drill and 1/16" drill bit

#### X529 with X06 Relay Pack:

- Four #5 self drilling pan-head Phillips screws; ¾" long typical
- Eight ¼" quick-disconnect female spade lug connectors that accept 14-16 gauge wire
- X06 Relay Wiring Harness, INNCOM Part Number 62-1498; provided with X06
- 14-16 gauge wire to connect AC power to X06 and to connect X06 relay outputs to HVAC equipment
- Drill and 1/16" drill bit

### 2.2 Position the X529 Thermostat Controller as follows:

- 2.2.1 The X529 is typically mounted inside the housing of the PTAC/FCU being controlled. Avoid mounting the X529 near moving or excessively warm parts of the PTAC/FCU.
- 2.2.2 Connections to the X529 for power, control signals, and the Eye5 module are made using several headers on the X529 PC board. Make sure sufficient space is available surrounding the X529 board and the particular interface board (RB05 or X05/X06) so that these connections can be made.
- 2.2.3 Diagnostic LED's are located on the top of the X529 PC board. If possible, mount the



X529 so that these LED's can be viewed without great difficulty.

- 2.2.4 If installing an X529 with an X06 relay pack, the X06 relay pack requires a 120-277 VAC 50/60Hz power source. Ensure the availability of this source at the installation location.
- 2.2.5 Verify that any screws or rivets used to mount the X529 snap-track to the PTAC/FCU housing do not contact the bottom of the X529 or RB05 card.
- 2.3 Mount the X529 Thermostat Controller and RB05 or X06 as follows:
  - 2.3.1 If mounting the X529 card along with an RB05 low-voltage HVAC interface card:
    - 2.3.1.1 The X529 and RB05 card are shipped already installed onto the grey plastic "snap-track." Slide both cards off the snap-track.
    - 2.3.1.2 Mount the gray snap-track inside the PTAC/FCU housing or desired location using two fasteners with a low profile to avoid contacting the bottom of the X529/RB05 boards when they are installed. Insert the fasteners through the two slots on the snap-track (Figure 4).

**NOTE:** ½" long, #8 Mod Truss Lath self-drill screws (Figure 5) are strongly recommended due to their low profile, the fact that they do not require a washer or pre-drilling, and their ease of installation into the sheet metal of typical FCU/PTAC housings.



Figure 5. Mod Truss Screws



Figure 4. Snap-Track

- 2.3.1.3 Slide or "snap" the X529 and RB05 cards into the gray snap-track. The 8-pin H1 header on the X529 card should be directly across from the 8-pin H2 header on the RB05 card, and the 8-wire jumper should be connected between the H1 and H2 headers (Figure 6).



Figure 6. Cards in the Snap-Track

2.3.2 If mounting the X529 as part of an X06 power supply/relay pack:

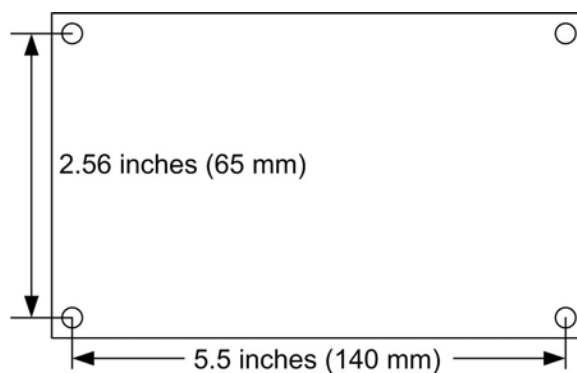
2.3.2.1 The X529 card should already be “snapped” into a tray on top of the X06 relay pack. Verify that the 8-wire harness is connected between the X529 H1 header and the X06 H1 header.

2.3.2.2 Mount the X529/X06 Relay Pack inside the PTAC/FCU housing or desired location with four #5 self drilling pan-head Phillips screws. Insert the screws through the four mounting holes at each corner of the X06 relay pack and drive into the FCU/PTAC housing (Figure 7). INNCOM recommends  $\frac{3}{4}$ ” long screws, but verify that no wiring will be penetrated on the other side of the housing by the screw tip.



**Figure 7. Installing the X529/X06 Relay Pack Inside the PTAC/FCU Housing**

2.3.2.3 The dimensions of the X06 are shown in Figure 8; the X06 with the X529 installed measures 2 inches tall. Verify that there is sufficient space at the intended mounting location for the X06/ X529 and wiring connections.



**Figure 8. X06 Dimensions**



2.3.2.4 If using a screw different from a #5 pan-head Phillips, test fit the screw through one of the mounting holes to verify the screw will fit cleanly. Do not over-drive the screw or you may crack the X06 PC board or plastic housing.

**Note: Overdriving the screws can crack the X06 housing or PC board.**

2.3.2.5 If pre-drilling the four holes, observe the mounting-hole dimensions shown in Figure 8. The thickness of the X06 at the mounting hole-locations is 5/16" (0.3125" 7.9 mm).

## Section 3 Wiring the FCU/PTAC HVAC Interface and the RB05 or X06

3.1 If using the RB05 low voltage interface card:

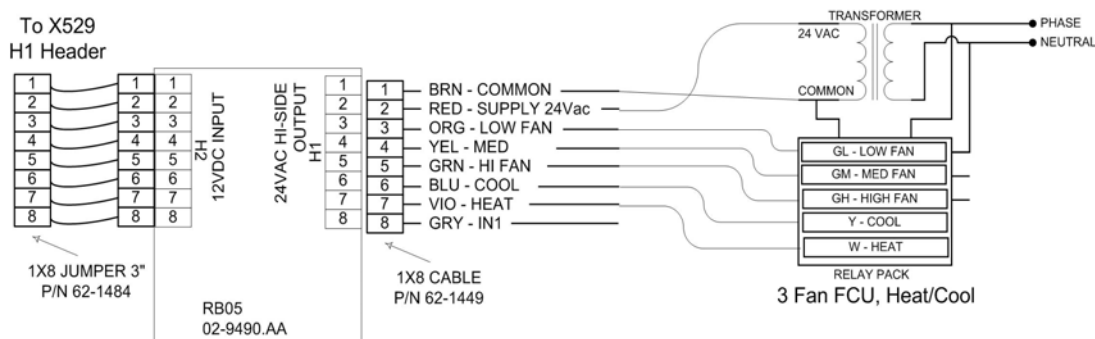
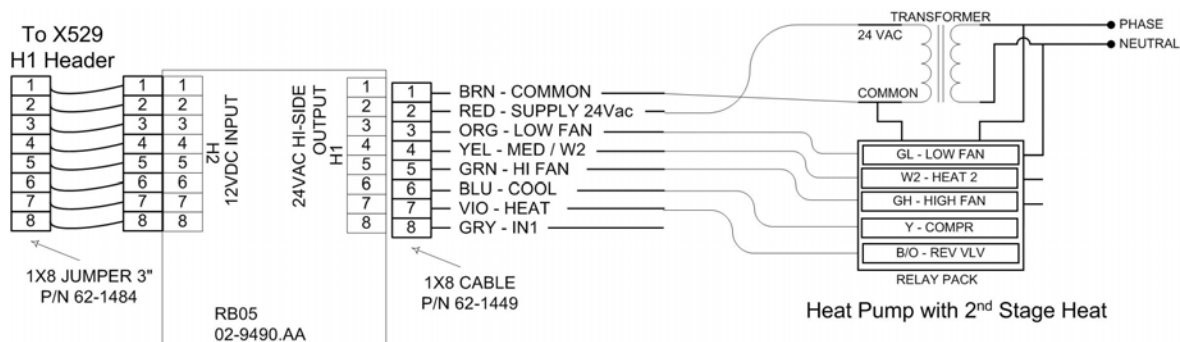
- 3.1.1 Plug the supplied 12-inch, 8-pin harness (INNCOM Part Number 62-1449) onto the H1 header on the RB05 board. The connector is buttoned to fit in only one direction.
- 3.1.2 Connect the ends of the INNCOM harness wires to the applicable wires of the PTAC/FCU harness using wire nuts or other approved connectors.
- 3.1.3 Figure 9 shows a typical installation. Table 1 lists wire colors and functions for the provided INNCOM 62-1449 harness. Figures 10 and 11 show wiring diagrams for typical connections to an FCU and PTAC. However, please refer to the property specific wiring diagram provided by INNCOM for exact connection details.



**Figure 9. Typical Installation**

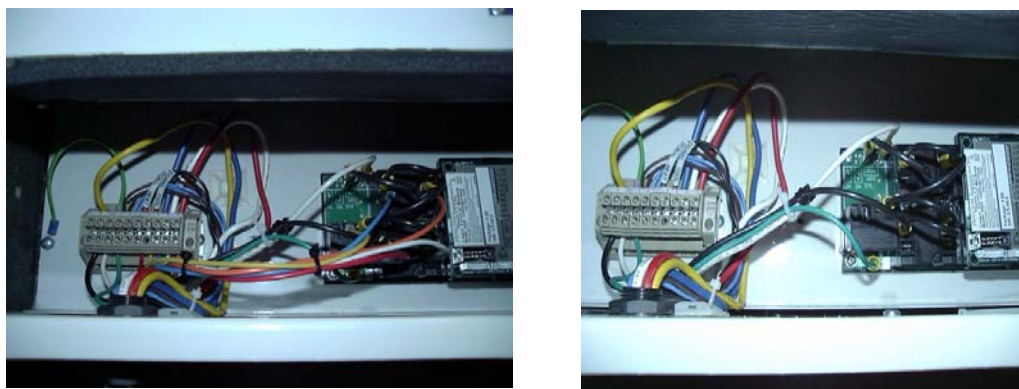
**Table 1. Wiring Color Codes for Typical RB05/X529 Installation**

H1 Harness Wire	4 Pipe, 3 Fan Speed, Heat/Cool FCU	2 Pipe, 3 Fan Speed, Cool Only FCU	Heat Pump, 2 Fan Speeds, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat	Heat Pump, 3 Fan Speeds
<b>Brown</b>	24VAC Common	24VAC Common	24VAC Common	24VAC Common
<b>Red</b>	24VAC Hot	24VAC Hot	24VAC Hot	24VAC Hot
<b>Orange</b>	Low Fan	Low Fan	Low Fan	Low Fan
<b>Yellow</b>	Medium Fan	Medium Fan	W2 -2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat	Medium Fan
<b>Green</b>	High Fan	High Fan	High Fan	High Fan
<b>Blue</b>	Cool Signal	Cool Signal	Y- Compressor	Y- Compressor
<b>Violet</b>	Heat Signal	N/A	B/O- Reversing Valve	B/O- Reversing Valve


**Figure 10. RB05 Connected to 3-Fan FCU**

**Figure 11. RB05 Connected to 2-Fan Heat Pump with 2<sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat**

### 3.2 If using the X06 Relay Pack:

- 3.2.1 A harness (INNCOM Part Number 62-1498) (Figure 12) is provided with the X06 to tie AC Hot to the "COM" terminal of each relay on the X06. Plug each of the connectors on this harness onto the "COM" terminal on each of the X06's relays and onto the "Line 1" spade terminal on the X06.
- 3.2.2 Connect the free end of this harness to the AC Line supply at the FCU/PTAC with a wire nut or approved connector.
- 3.2.3 Connect AC supply Neutral at the FCU/PTAC to the "Line 2" terminal on the X06.
- 3.2.4 Connect a valid earth to the "EARTH" terminal on the X06.
- 3.2.5 Connect the X06 relay "NO" (normally open) terminals to the appropriate terminals or wires in the FCU/PTAC. Use ¼" Quick Disconnect female spade lug connectors that accept 14-16 gauge wire to connect to each of the X06 "NO" relay terminals.

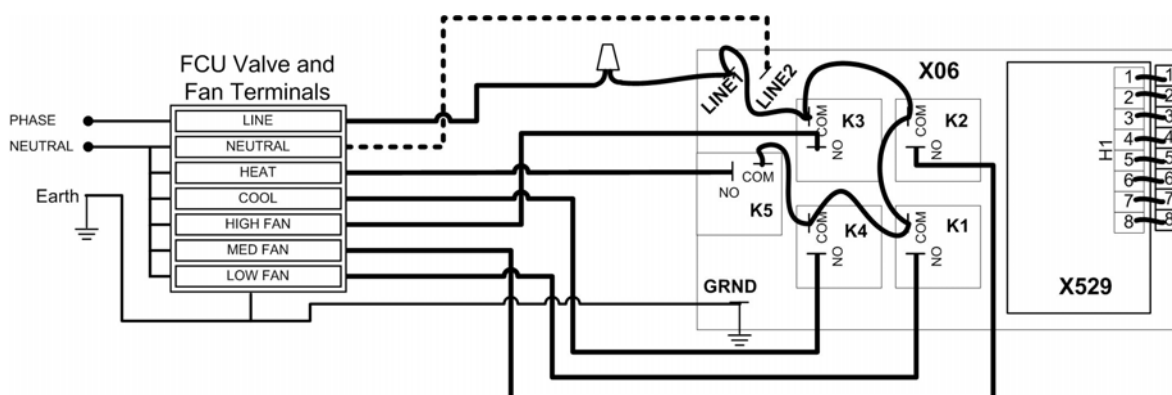


**Figure 12. Wiring Harnesses**

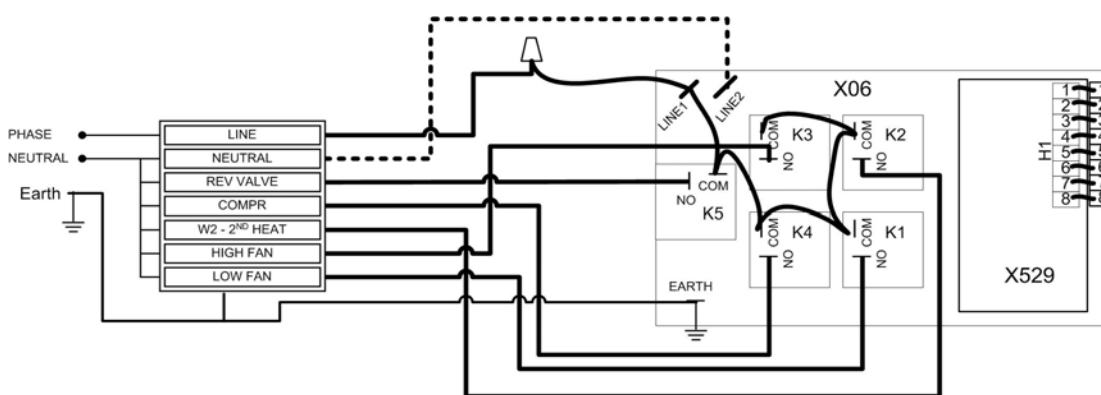
Table 2 lists X06 relay functions for typical installations, and Figures 13 and 14 show wiring diagrams for typical connections to an FCU and heat pump. However, please refer to the property specific wiring diagram provided by INNCOM for exact connection details.

**Table 2. X06 Relay Functions for Typical Installations**

	4 Pipe, 3 Fan Speed, Heat/Cool FCU	2 Pipe, 3 Fan Speed, Cool Only FCU	Heat Pump, 2 Fan Speeds, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat	Heat Pump, 3 Fan Speeds
<b>K1</b>	Low Fan	Low Fan	Low Fan	Low Fan
<b>K2</b>	Medium Fan	Medium Fan	W2 -2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat	Medium Fan
<b>K3</b>	High Fan	High Fan	High Fan	High Fan
<b>K4</b>	Cool Signal	Cool Signal	Y-Compressor	Y-Compressor
<b>K5</b>	Heat Signal	Not Connected	B/O- Reversing Valve	B/O-Reversing Valve



**Figure 13. X529/X06 Connected to 3-Fan Heat/Cool FCU**



**Figure 14. X529/X06 Connected to 2-Fan Heat Pump with 2<sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat**

## Section 4 Mounting and Connecting the Eye5 IR Module

- 4.1 Select the mounting location for the Eye5 module using the following guidelines:
  - 4.1.1 Do not mount behind a door that can completely cover the Eye5 module when opened.
  - 4.1.2 Do not mount underneath or behind grating or louvers in the PTAC/FCU housing such that they are directly in front of the Eye5 module. Avoid objects directly in front of the Eye5 module.
  - 4.1.3 Avoid mounting near fluorescent lighting fixtures.
  - 4.1.4 Avoid mounting the Eye5 module inside the FCU/PTAC housing if it is apparent that the Eye5 module will *NOT* have an unobstructed view out into the room and toward any other INNCOM IR devices; specifically, the e529 battery powered thermostat.

- 4.1.5 The Eye5 module comes with either a 4", 12" or 20" wiring harness with a 5-pin connector attached that plugs onto the H3 header on the X529 card. Choose a mounting location for the Eye5 module that is within the length of one of these available wiring harnesses.

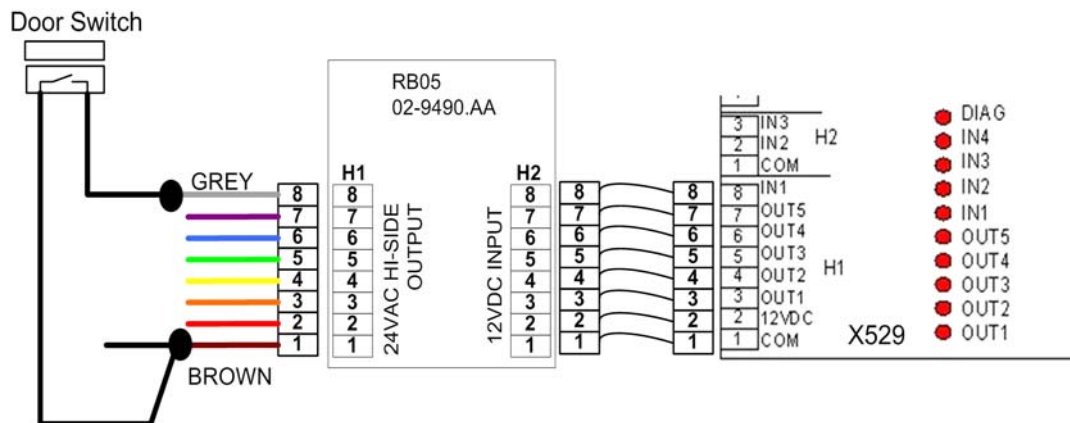
**Note: If you have access to a Palm IR5 Tool, the "Device Configuration" program can be used to monitor the IR5 "gain" level at the e529 mounting location and different locations in the room. Use this tool to determine if the desired mounting location of the X529 Eye5 module will allow adequate communication between the X529 and the e529 or other IR5 devices.**

- 4.2 Secure the Eye5 module using the two screws provided with the module, double-sided tape, or zip-ties. How the Eye5 module is secured will depend on the particular mounting location.
- 4.3 Connect the Eye5 module wiring harness to the X529 H3 5-pin header. The H3 header is keyed so that the connector will fit in only one direction.

## Section 5 Connecting Door and/or Window Position Inputs to the X529

**Note: This section applies only if you are monitoring room door or window positions.**

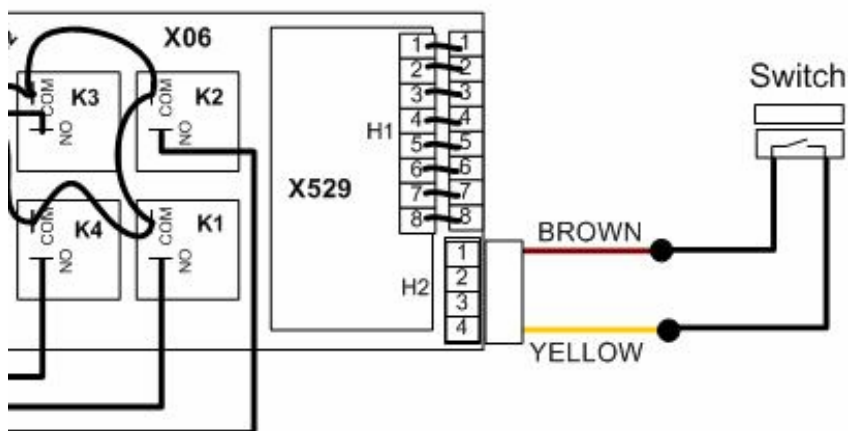
- 5.1 If using an INNCOM S541 IR door switch: An INNCOM S541 IR battery-powered door position switch is typically used to report room entry door position to the X529. Since the S541 sends door position to the X529 via IR, no low voltage wiring is required between the S541 and the X529. Refer to the S541 Installation Guide document for installation instructions.
- 5.2 If connecting an INNCOM S241 door switch or similar low-voltage door/window position switch: The X529 can monitor up to three low voltage inputs (IN1, IN2 or IN3) in order to read door or window positions. If monitoring a single door, such as the room entry door, the IN1 low-voltage input on the X529 is typically used.
- 5.2.1 If using an RB05: IN1 is the GRAY wire on the 8-pin harness that plugs onto the RB05 H1 header. Connect the switch wires to the GRAY (Pin 8) and BROWN (Pin 1) wires of the RB05 H1 harness (Figure 15).



**Figure 15. Door Position Input through RB05 IN1 (RB05 H1 Pin 8 and Pin 1)**



- 5.2.2 If using an X06: IN1 is the YELLOW wire on the 4-pin harness that plugs onto the X06 H2 header. Connect the switch wires to the YELLOW (Pin 4) and BROWN (Pin 1) wires of the X06 H2 4-pin harness (Figure 16).

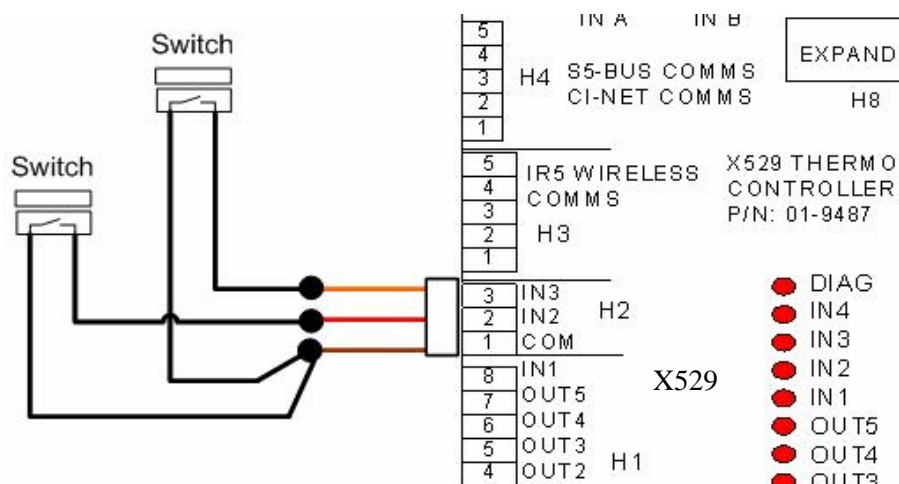


**Figure 16. Door Position Input through X06 IN1 (X06 H2 Pin 4 and Pin 1)**

- 5.2.3 If using IN2 or IN3 on the X529 H2 header: IN2 is the RED wire and IN3 is the ORANGE wire on the 3-pin harness that plugs onto the X529 H2 header.

5.2.3.1 If using IN2, connect switch wires to the RED (IN2) and BROWN (Pin 1) wires of the H2 3 pin harness (Figure 17).

5.2.3.2 If using IN3, connect switch wires to the ORANGE (IN2) and BROWN (Pin 1) wires of the H2 3-pin harness (Figure 17).



**Figure 17. Connecting Switch Leads to X529 IN2 and IN3**

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## Section 6 Testing e529/X529 Operation

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- 6.1 Apply power to the HVAC unit, the X529, and any other INNCOM devices in the room, such as the X06 or TCT.
- 6.2 Verify that the “DIAG” LED on the X529 begins to flash. This indicates that the X529 has power and that it is executing its software. If the DIAG LED is not flashing:
  - 6.2.1 Verify that the 8-wire jumper is connected between the X529 H1 header and the RB05 H2 header, or the X529 H1 header and the X06 H1 header.
  - 6.2.2 Verify that the breaker controlling power to the HVAC unit or the transformer supplying the X529 is shut.
- 6.3 Verify that the X529 and e529 are communicating via IR. A “dot” will appear in the lower right corner of the e529 display when the e529 and the X529 are communicating. If no dot is present, press the “OFF/AUTO” button on the e529 a few times to force it to send a message to the X529. The dot should appear in the lower left corner of the e529 display within a few seconds.

***Note: If two dots appear on the e529 display, that is okay. The 2<sup>nd</sup> dot indicates the X529 is part of a centralized system and is communicating with the particular gateway device (TCT, TCC, B485, etc). In standalone properties with no Central Interface computer, only one dot will appear on the e529 display.***

If a dot **does not** appear on the e529 display, even after pressing the OFF/AUTO button several times, the e529 is not able to communicate with the X529. Check the following:

- 6.3.1 Verify that the Eye5 module is correctly plugged onto the X529 H3 header.
- 6.3.2 Verify that the path between the X529 and the e529 is not blocked by a large obstruction, or that the distance between the e529 and the Eye5 module is not too great. If necessary, reposition the Eye5 module to achieve a better line of sight or smaller distance between the X529 and the e529.
- 6.3.3 If another IR5 capable device is in the room, such as a TCT or an X05, and it is between the X529 and the e529, try enabling the IR5 repeater function in that device. This may improve IR communication between the e529 and the X529. “Repeater” configuration is an advanced feature of INNCOM IR devices and is beyond the scope of this manual. Contact an INNCOM application engineer for guidance.
- 6.3.4 Verify that the low battery symbol is not being displayed in the upper left corner of the e529 display. If it is, replace the 4 AA batteries in the e529, and then verify that the “dot” appears.
- 6.3.5 Verify that the e529 and the X529 are assigned the same IR5 “Channel. Contact an INNCOM application engineer if not familiar with checking or setting IR5 channels.
- 6.3.6 Does the room have a plasma television installed? These have been known to cause interference with IR5 communications. Turn OFF the plasma TV and see if IR5 communication between the e529 and X529 improves and the “dot” appears. If the



Plasma TV is the problem, contact an Inncom application engineer to discuss a solution.

- 6.4 If this is a centrally controlled system and the required room gateway device (i.e., TCT, TCC or B485) has been installed and powered, verify that the X529 is communicating with the gateway device. A second “dot” will appear in the lower right of the display AND the “DIAG” LED on the X529 will blink twice per second when the X529 is communicating with the room gateway device.

If the second dot does NOT appear and the DIAG LED continues to blink once every two seconds, investigate the following possible causes:

- 6.4.1 If the gateway device is a TCT/TCC, verify:

6.4.1.1 The TCT/TCC power cable is completely plugged into a powered AC outlet and into the TCT/TCC DC power jack

6.4.1.2 The TCT/TCC Eye5 module is correctly connected to the TCT/TCC H1 header

6.4.1.3 The distance and line of sight between the TCT/TCC Eye5 module and the X529 Eye5 module are acceptable for IR communication between the devices

6.4.1.4 If the gateway device is B485, verify that the 5-pin cable is connected between the B485 H1 header and the X529 H4 header AND that the 2-pin connector tied to the incoming CINET/FLN5 twisted pair is fully plugged into the B485 H1 header. Also, the GREEN wire from the B485 H3 cable should be connected to the CINET/FLN5 “A” wire, and the RED wire from the B485 H3 cable should be connected to the CINET/FLN5 “B” wire.

**Note: The IN4 LED on the X529 will be ON if the twisted pair wiring from the B571/B572 Floor Bridge is connected to the H3 header. However, the second “Dot” on the X529 display will NOT appear if the twisted pair from the B571/B572 is connected backwards. LOOK FOR THE 2<sup>nd</sup> DOT ON THE X529 DISPLAY!**

- 6.5 Verify that the X529 is properly controlling the room HVAC unit using the steps below AFTER SETTING PROPERTY SPECIFIC PARAMETERS (if required). Be in a position to view the LEDs on the X529 board and to monitor the operation of the room HVAC unit.
- 6.6 The following steps check functionality of the e529 and X529 when configured to control an FCU that has three fan speeds and that is capable of heating and cooling. These steps may require modification if controlling different equipment, such as a single fan speed Heat Pump with 2<sup>nd</sup> stage heat or equipment not capable of heating or cooling.
- 6.6.1 If the e529 display shows OFF, press the OFF/AUTO button to place the e529 into AUTO mode.
- 6.6.2 Lower the “SET” (target) temperature on the e529 to the lowest possible temperature by using the down arrow button to force the X529 to call for cooling. Verify the X529 OUT4 LED turns ON, indicating the X529 is energizing the COOL signal.

**Note: If the OUT4 LED does not turn ON and the HVAC unit does not start cooling, it is possible that short cycle protection is enabled in the X529, which could prevent cooling for the amount of time set into Parameter 50. Verify that cooling starts after the short cycle protection time has elapsed.**

- 6.6.3 Press the FAN button on the e529 to force the X529 into FIXED FAN mode. Each time you press the FAN button, the X529 will cycle through LO, MED, and HIGH fan speeds. Verify the X529 OUT1 (LO Fan), the OUT2 (MED Fan) and the OUT3 (HIGH Fan) LEDs turn ON and the fan in the HVAC unit cycles between LO, MED, and HIGH speeds as you press the FAN button several times. Also, verify that the unit is COOLING.
- 6.6.4 Raise the “SET” (target) temperature on the e529 to the maximum temperature using the up button to force the X529 to call for heating. Verify the OUT5 LED turns ON indicating the X529 is energizing the HEAT signal.
- 6.6.5 Press the FAN button on the e529 to force the X529 into FIXED FAN mode. Each time you press the FAN button, the X529 will cycle through LO, MED, and HIGH fan speeds. Verify that the X529 OUT1 (LO Fan), the OUT2 (MED Fan), and the OUT3 (HIGH Fan) LEDs turn ON and the fan in the HVAC unit cycles between LO, MED, and HIGH speeds as you press the FAN button several times. Also, verify that the unit is HEATING.
- 6.6.6 If any of the above tests indicate a problem, check the following common symptoms:
  - 6.6.6.1 Verify the Eye5 IR module is completely plugged onto the X529 H1 header and that there is a good line-of-sight between the Eye5 and the e529 battery thermostat.
  - 6.6.6.2 Verify that the 8-pin jumper is completely connected between the X529 H1 header and the RB05 H2 header for 24VAC applications or between the X529 H1 header and the X06 H1 header for line voltage applications.
  - 6.6.6.3 Verify the wiring connections between the RB05 card and the particular low voltage control inputs on the HVAC unit for low voltage systems and the wiring between the relay terminals on the X06 relay pack and the line voltage connections on the HVAC unit for line voltage systems.
  - 6.6.6.4 Verify that the e529 batteries are not discharged. Check for the low battery symbol on the e529 display.
  - 6.6.6.5 Check to see if the room has a plasma television. These are known to cause interference with IR5 signals. Turn OFF the plasma television and retry.
- 6.7 Check operation of any low voltage door or window inputs to the X529.
  - 6.7.1 If using a wireless S541 IR door position sensor, **NO INDICATION OR TEST IS AVAILABLE DIRECTLY FROM THE e529 or X529** to test that the S541 is correctly sending door position to the X529 and that the X529 detected the message. However, if the e529/X529 is part of a centrally-controlled system and the CIS server and appropriate communication network has been established, the CIT5 “Room View > AC Tab” can be used to monitor reported door position. Open the door and leave it open, and then go to the appropriate room in CIT5 and check that the appropriate door status indicates OPEN. It can take several minutes before the door status appears. CLOSE the door and verify the door status indicates CLOSED.
- 6.8 If the “Room ID” is known, set it in the X529 by following the procedure in Appendix B.

**Note: A utility is available on the Palm PDA “Sneezer” to monitor the IR5 message that is sent from the S541 and the subsequent acknowledgement from the X529. If you have a Sneezer, use the “Door Status” program to test the S541 and its ability to send door position to the X529. Contact an INNCOM application engineer for details.**

- 6.8.1 If connecting a door or window switch to one of the X529 low voltage inputs (IN1, IN2 or IN3), you can use the IN1, IN2 or IN3 LEDs on the X529 to verify door switch operation and ensure that the wiring between the switch and the X529 is correct. The wiring diagram supplied to the property will indicate which of the three inputs is being used for the particular door/window input and how to connect it to the X529.
- 6.8.2 For typical installations NOT using an S541 IR door switch, IN1 on the X529 is used to monitor the room entry door; therefore, the IN1 LED will be ON when the door is SHUT. In that case:
- 6.8.3 If an RB05 is being used with an X529, the door switch leads should be connected to the GRAY wire (Pin 8) and the BROWN wire (Pin 1) on the RB05 H1 harness.
- 6.8.4 If an X529 is being used with an X06 relay pack, the door switch leads should be connected to the YELLOW (Pin 4) and the BROWN (Pin 1) on the 4-pin harness that plugs onto the 4-pin H2 header on the X06 board.

## Section 7 X529 Detailed Overview

- 7.1 Ten LEDs (DIAG, IN4-IN1, and OUT5-OUT1) (Figure 18) on the X529 provide the following information:

- 7.1.1 The **DIAG LED** blinks when 12VDC power is supplied to the X529. For centralized systems with a Central Interface computer (CIS), it blinks two times/second when the X529 is communicating with the room gateway device (TCT, TCC or B485). If the property is standalone (no CIS central interface) or the X529 is NOT communicating with the room gateway device due to a problem, it blinks once every two seconds.

- 7.1.2 The **IN4 LED** is ON when the X529 is connected to an active twisted pair communication network (FLN5/CINET) from a B572 or B571 Floor Bridge via a B485 module. **Note: This LED will be ON even if the twisted pair wiring (CINET A and CINET B) is connected backward.**

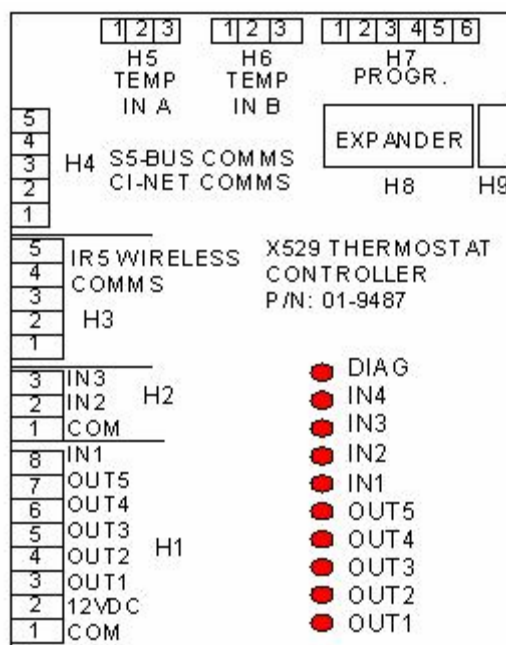


Figure 18. X529 LEDs

- 7.1.3 The **IN3, IN2, and IN1 LED's** are ON when the associated low voltage input on the H1



(IN1) and H2 (IN2 and IN3) headers is connected to Common through a switch. Typically used to monitor door/window positions.

- 7.1.4 The **OUT5 to OUT1 LEDs** are ON when that particular output is energized and supplying current to a low voltage input of the HVAC unit. The purpose of each of these five outputs depends on the requirement of the particular HVAC unit being controlled and the software loaded into the X529. Table 3 shows three typical configurations. These are shown as examples, and you should refer to the actual drawings provided to you by INNCOM.

#### OUT5 – OUT1 LEDs

OUT5Typically HEAT call signal  
 OUT4Typically COOL call signal  
 OUT3Typically HIGH FAN signal  
 OUT2Typically MED FAN or 2<sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat Signal  
 OUT1Typically LOW FAN signal

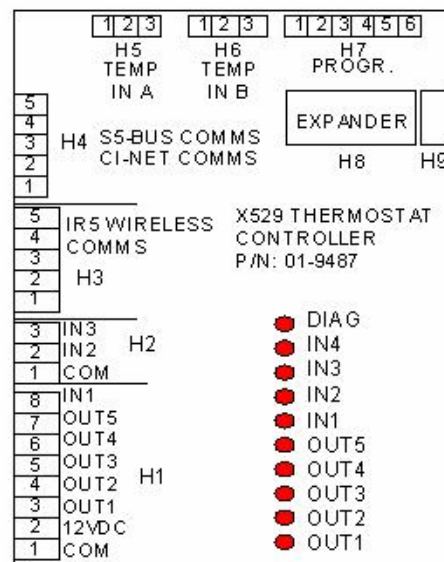
**Table 3. Typical Configurations**

●	OUT5 - Heat Valve	●	OUT5 - Heat Strip	●	OUT5 - B/O Rev Valve
●	OUT4 - Cool Valve	●	OUT4 - Y- Comp	●	OUT4 - Y- Comp
●	OUT3 - High Fan	●	OUT3 - High Fan	●	OUT3 - High Fan
●	OUT2 - Medium Fan	●	OUT2 - Medium Fan	●	OUT2 - W2 2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Heat
●	OUT1 - Low Fan	●	OUT1 - Low Fan	●	OUT1 - Low Fan
Heat/Cool FCU with 3 Speeds		PTAC with 3 Fan Speeds, Heat Strip		Heat Pump with 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage Heat	

- 7.2 The X529 headers and pinouts (Figure 19) are as follows:

- 7.2.1 **H1 – Power, Ground, Outputs, IN1.**  
 Connects to the H2 header of RB05 or X06 via 8-conductor cable (INNCOM Part Number 62-1484).

1 - 12VDC Common  
 2 - 12VDC Supply (50mA max)  
 3 - OUT 1  
 4 - OUT 2  
 5 - OUT 3  
 6 - OUT 4  
 7 - OUT 5  
 8 - IN1 Available low voltage input. Typical use could be monitoring a door switch, for example, if the X529 was physically located close to the door. Active low, max draw 5mA.



**Figure 19. X529 Headers and Pinouts**

### 7.2.2 H2 – Low Voltage Inputs IN2 and IN3

1 – Common

2 – IN2 Available low voltage input. Typical use could be monitoring a door switch; for example, if the X529 were physically located close to the door. Active low, 5mA.

3 – IN3 Available low voltage input. Typical use could be monitoring a door switch; for example, if the X529 were physically located close to the door. Active low, 5mA.

### 7.2.3 H3 – Eye5 Module Connector. Plug Eye5 IR5 module into this header so the X529 can communicate with the e529 and other room devices via IR5 infrared signal.

### 7.2.4 H4 – S5 Bus / FLN5 Communication Header. Provides the ability to connect the 3 wire S5-Bus to communicate with S5-Bus capable room devices and/or the RS485 twisted pair CINET bus (via B485 module) wiring to the X529.

1 – Common

2 – S5 Bus +12VDC

3 – S5 Bus TX/RX Data

4 – Tx Data (CINET A) when connected to B485 module

5 – Rx Data (CINET B) when connected to B485 module

### 7.2.5 H5 – Thermistor A , Input, H6 – Thermistor B Input. Provide the ability to connect 10K external thermistor temperature sensors to the X529. A total of two of these temperature sensors can be connected to provide FCU pipe water temperature or measured room temperature.

### 7.2.6 H7 – ICP Programming Header. Connect programming cable from In-Circuit-Programmer (ICP) to upload new software to the X529.

### 7.2.7 H8 – Expansion Header Future Growth. Not currently used.

### 7.2.8 H9 – ES1 Header. Connect ES1 Flash Programmer Module to this header to copy software from the X529 to the ES1 or to upload new software from the ES1 to the X529.

## Section 8 e529 Detailed Overview

### 8.1 Figure 20 shows the windows, control buttons, and sensors of the e529; they are:

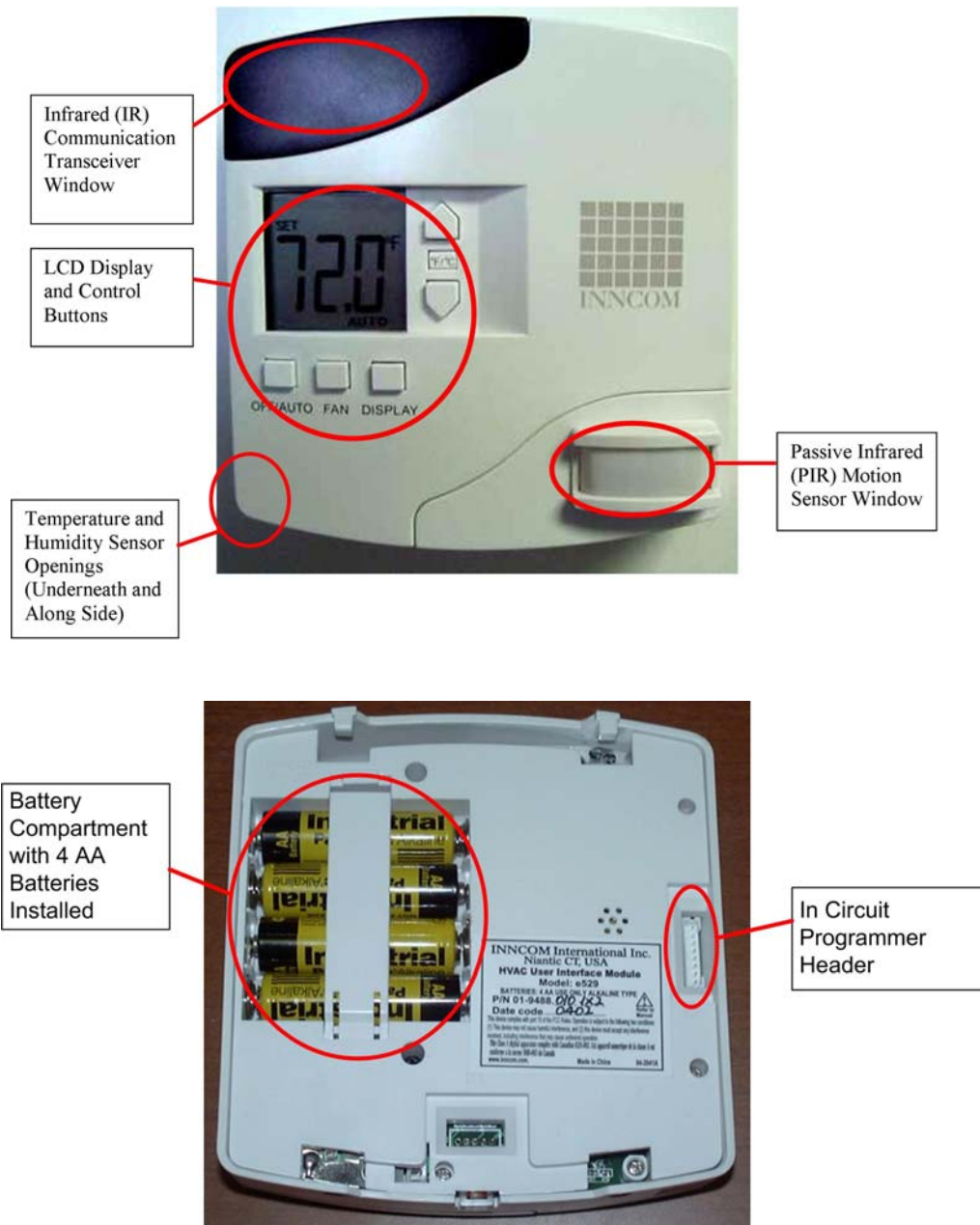
8.1.1 Infrared (IR) Communication Window – Allows the e529 to communicate with the X529 room controller wirelessly using IR signals.

8.1.2 LCD Display and Control Buttons – The e529 is the battery powered “user interface” for the X529 room controller. Information provided on the LCD display and control buttons provide the ability for the guest to monitor and control room temperature using the e529.

8.1.3 Temperature and Humidity Sensors – Measure room temperature and humidity (optional); the measurements are sent to the X529 via IR signal.

8.1.4 Passive Infrared Motion Sensor (PIR) – Occupancy sensor installed in the e529. Detects guest motion, which is then reported to the X529 via IR signal.

- 8.1.5 In Circuit Programmer Header – Provides the ability to upload new software to the e529 to upgrade features.

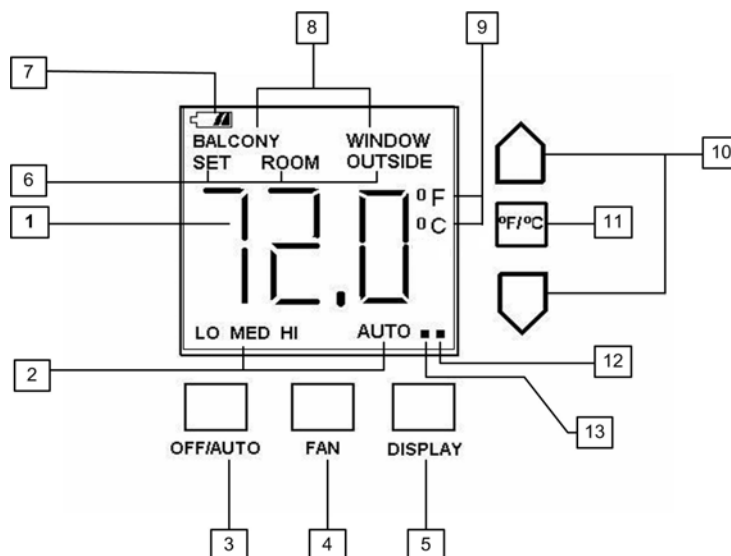


**Figure 20. e529 Windows, Control Buttons, and Sensors**

8.2 Figure 21 shows the e529 LCD display and button functions.

**Note:** The information shown in the example e529 display below does not represent the actual e529 display in use. Figure 22 shows all possible display elements turned on for demonstration purposes.

**Figure 21. e529 Display and Button Functions**



- 1 Current displayed value of desired (SET) or measured (ROOM) temperature. Cycle between the two choices by pressing the DISPLAY button.
- 2 Current room temperature control mode and fan mode indicated by AUTO or LO, MED or HI symbols. Selected using the OFF/AUTO and FAN buttons.
  - **AUTO** - Fan speed and heating or cooling are automatically selected to raise or lower room temperature based on the difference between the desired (SET) temperature shown on the display and the measured (ROOM) temperature.
  - **LO MED HI** - Low, Medium or High "Fixed" fan speed has been selected by pressing the FAN button. The fan will run at the selected speed and heating or cooling selected in order to maintain desired (Target) temperature.
- 3 Pressing the OFF/AUTO button on the E529 cycles the X529 between OFF and AUTO modes.
  - In **AUTO** mode, "AUTO" and the selected room target temperature appear in the E529 display. The X529 automatically selects valve and fan speed settings needed to maintain this temperature.
  - In **OFF** mode, "OFF" is displayed on the E529. As long as room temperature is within minimum and maximum safety limits, the X529 keeps the fan OFF \* and does not try to heat or cool.

\* Some installations require the fan to always run in at least low speed, even when OFF is selected on the E529. The X529 can be configured to support this functionality if required.
- 4 Pressing the FAN button on the E529 forces the X529 to enter a fixed fan speed mode.
  - If pressed, the X529 will select the lowest available fan speed (typically LOW) and display it below the temperature. If pressed again, fan speed will cycle to the next higher speed, and that speed will be displayed. After the highest available fan speed is reached, if button is pressed again, fan speed will cycle back to the lowest speed, and the sequence will begin again.
  - The X529 will automatically adjust chill / hot water valve settings in attempting to maintain target temperature with the selected fan speed. The selected fixed fan speed will be maintained until the FAN button is pressed to select a different speed, or the OFF/AUTO button is pressed to turn OFF the fan.

- 
- 5 Pressing the DISPLAY button on the E529 cycles between displaying the following:
- Desired (Target) Room Temperature. **SET** appears to the upper left of the temperature.
- 6
- Measured Room Temperature. **ROOM** appears to the upper center of the temperature.
  - Measured Outside Temperature. **OUTSIDE** appears to the upper right of the temperature. Only applies if a central outside temperature sensor installed at hotel and the Inncom Central Interface is installed.
- 7 Low Battery Indicator. Appears when the 4 AA batteries in the E529 need replaced. Replace with Alkaline batteries only.
- 8 Balcony and/or Window position indicators. If the property has S241 or S541 door position sensors installed on a balcony door or a window, these symbols will appear when the door or window is open.
- 9 Indicates the type of information currently displayed.
- °F - Displayed value is the temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.
  - °C - Displayed value is the temperature in degrees Celcius.
- 11 Toggle between Fahrenheit and Celcius by pressing the **F/C** button.
- 10 Target (SET) temperature Up and Down buttons. Press the upper "UP" button to raise the target temperature value shown on the display. Press the lower "DOWN" button to lower the target temperature value shown on the display.
- 12 E529 to X529 Communication Status. This "dot" appears when the E529 and the X529 are communicating with each other via infrared signal.
- 13 X529 to Central System Communication Status. This "dot" indicates the X529 is part of a centralized system and is communicating with the Central System Communication Bridge (for example TCT, TCC, B485...). If the system is stand-alone, this dot will not appear.



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## Appendix A – e529/X529 Service Parameter Mode

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Accessing the X529 service parameters is done using the e529. The X529 does not have its own display and buttons to view or change service parameter values. Instead, the buttons and display on the e529 are used to view and change the X529 service parameters. When you enter parameter mode on the e529, messages are actually sent from the e529 to the X529 to access the parameter values stored in the X529.

The e529 does have a very limited set of parameters, called “local” e529 parameters, which can be viewed and changed from the e529. Entering local parameter mode on the e529 to view or change these local parameters is discussed below.

### Entering X529 Service Mode

Execute the following sequence on the **e529 battery thermostat**:

1. Press (and keep pressed) the **F/C** button on the e529.
2. Press and release the **OFF/AUTO** button on the e529.
3. Press and release the **DISPLAY** button on the e529.
4. Release the **F/C** button.
5. The LCD will display **P 0** (Parameter 0) in the middle of the display.
6. Quickly press the UP or DOWN button on the e529 to select the desired parameter number. If you wait more than five seconds after entering service mode without pressing a button, the e529 will revert to normal operation.
7. Press the **DISPLAY** button on the e529 to show the value of the selected parameter. The e529 actually sends a command via IR to the X529 to retrieve the value of the selected parameter.

**Note: If the e529 is not able to communicate with the X529 and does not get a reply from the X529, “- - -” will appear on the e529 display. If this occurs, refer to the troubleshooting section.**

8. To change a particular X529 parameter value once displayed, use the UP or DOWN arrow buttons to change the displayed value of the selected parameter, then press the **DISPLAY** button to send the new parameter value to the X529. You must press the **DISPLAY** button make the change take place.
9. To exit parameter mode, press the **F/C** button.

### Entering “Local” Parameter Mode on the e529

The e529 does have a few local parameters that can be viewed and changed. To view and edit these local e529 parameters, you must enter the local parameter mode on the e529. Use the following steps to enter e529 local parameter mode and to change a local parameter value:

1. Press (and keep pressed) the **F/C** button on the e529.
2. Press and release the **Off/Auto** button on the e529.
3. Press and release the **Display** button on the e529.
4. Release the **F/C** button.
5. The LCD will display **P 0** (Parameter 0) in the middle of the display.
6. Quickly press the UP button on the e529 until **P 2** (Parameter 2) is displayed. If you wait more than five seconds after entering service mode without pressing a button, the e529 will revert to normal operation.

7. Press the **DISPLAY** button on the e529 to show the value of Parameter 2. Press the UP button to increase the displayed value to "6", then press the **DISPLAY** button to enter e529 local parameter mode.

"LO MED HI" will appear at the bottom of the e529 display to indicate local parameter mode has been entered.

8. To change a particular e529 local parameter value, use the UP or DOWN arrow buttons to change the displayed value of the selected parameter, then press the OFF/AUTO button to store the new value.

After pressing the OFF/AUTO button to store the new local parameter value, the e529 will reset.

9. If there is another e529 local parameter that you need to change, you must re-enter local parameter mode by going back to step 1.

#### e529 Local Parameters:

<b>PAR 0</b>	EEPROM Tag: Value 187
<b>PAR 1</b>	Temperature Offset: 100=0°F; 200=+10°F; 0=-10°F.
<b>PAR 2</b>	Humidity Offset: 100=0%rh, 200=+10%rh; 0=-10%rh
<b>PAR 3</b>	PIR Sensitivity: [1..10] 1=ultra sensitive; 3=default; 6=weak
<b>PAR 4</b>	Humidity Option: 0=disabled, 1=enabled
<b>PAR 5</b>	Operating Modes:
	Bit 0: When set, operate the Display button as Heat/Cool mode.
	Bit 1: Undefined
	Bit 2: Undefined
	Bit 3: Undefined
	Bit 4: Undefined
	Bit 5: Undefined
	Bit 6: Undefined
	Bit 7: Undefined

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## Appendix B – Setting the Address of the X529 Controller via the e529 Thermostat

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Follow Procedures 1, 2, and 3 to set the address of the X529 controller.

Procedure 1 Place the e529 into service mode.



### STEP A

Press and **hold** the “F/C” button. This button is recessed slightly, so try to use the tip of your finger to ensure the button is fully pressed.



### STEP B

While still pressing the “F/C” button, press and release the “OFF/AUTO” button.



### STEP C

While still pressing the “F/C” button, press and release the “DISPLAY” button.

“PAR” and “0” will appear in the display, indicating you have entered the “Parameter Select” mode of the e529/X529 service mode with parameter “0” selected. Continue with step 2 to set the X529 address.

## Procedure 2 Assign unique X529 address.

Each X529 at a property is assigned a unique address using service Parameters 10, 11, and 12. The values for Parameters 10, 11, and 12 will be listed in a "Property Room List" provided in your INNCOM property binder. Use the following steps to assign the address:

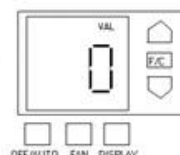
1. Find the desired room listed under the "Room Name" column in the "Property Room List" located in your INNCOM binder.
2. Look to the right in that row to find the value of Parameters 10, 11, and 12 for that X529.
3. Follow steps A through I below to assign these values to Parameters 10, 11, and 12.

**Note: In the example address being entered in steps (a) to (I) below, Parameters 10, 11, and 12 are being entered for "Room 321" which has Par 10=0, Par 11=3, and Par 12=21.**

- A. Select Parameter 12 by pressing the UP arrow several times until "PAR 12" is in the display.

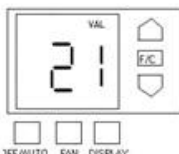


"0" is selected as the value for Parameter 11.



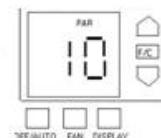
- B. Display the current value of Parameter 12 by pressing OFF/AUTO. Change the Parameter 12 value to match the value listed in the Room List using the UP or DOWN arrow buttons above and below the "F/C" button.

"21" is selected as the value of Parameter 12.



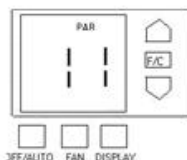
- F. Press the OFF/AUTO button to toggle back to "Parameter Select" mode. "PAR" and "11" will be in the display.

- G. Press the DOWN arrow button to select Parameter 10. "PAR" and "10" will be in the display.

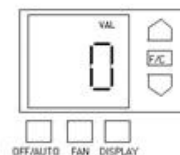


- C. Press the OFF/AUTO button to toggle back to "Parameter Select" mode. "PAR" and "12" will be in the display.

- D. Press the DOWN arrow button to select Parameter 11. "PAR" and "11" will be in the display.



"0" is selected as the value for Parameter 10.



- E. Display the current value of Parameter 11 by pressing OFF/AUTO. Change the Parameter 11 value to match the value listed in the Room List using the UP or DOWN arrow buttons above and below the "F/C" button.

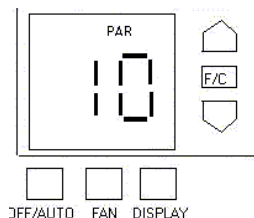
- I. Continue with Step 3 to reset.

**Note: In the example address being entered in steps (a) to (I) below, Parameters 10, 11, and 12 are being entered for "Room 321" which has Par 10=0, Par 11=3, and Par 12=21.**

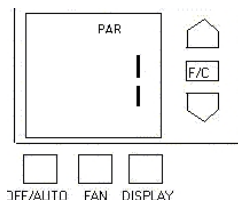
### Procedure 3. Reset the X529 from the e529.

The X529 must be reset to take its new address. Execute Parameter 1, value 14 to reset the X529 using Steps A through D below.

- A. Toggle back to Parameter mode by pressing OFF.

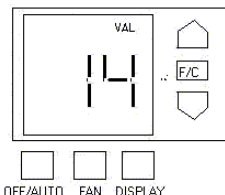


- B. Use the up or down arrows to change the displayed parameter to "1" (Reset).



- C. Press the OFF/AUTO key to select VAL to show the value 0. Increase the value to 14.

Value "14" shown



- D. Press DISPLAY to reset the X529. A reset will begin, causing the HVAC to cycle. There is no indication on the e529.



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## Appendix C – Changing the P5 Channel of the e529 and X529

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The default channel assigned to the e529 and X529 is Channel 1. If you need to change the channel, you **MUST FIRST** change the channel for the X529, then enter local parameter mode and change the channel for the e529. If you change the e529 channel first, you will not be able to subsequently communicate with the X529 to change its channel.

**Note: You CANNOT change the channel in the e529 using a Palm Sneezer. You CAN change the channel in the X529 using the Palm Sneezer.**

1. Enter X529 Service Parameter Mode and change the X529 channel stored in X529 Par 224:
  - A Press (and keep pressed) the **F/C** button on the e529.
  - B Press and release the **OFF/AUTO** button on the e529.
  - C Press and release the **DISPLAY** button on the e529.
  - D Release the **F/C** button.
  - E The LCD will display **P 0** (Parameter 0) in the middle of the display. Quickly press the DOWN button on the e529 until **P 224** (Parameter 224) appears.
  - F Press the **OFF/AUTO** button to show the value of parameter 224. "V" (value) and a 2-digit hex number (XX.h) will appear. The left number is the current channel of the X529. Use the UP or DOWN arrow buttons to raise/lower the value until the left digit is the desired channel, AND the right digit is the same as it was before.
  - G Press the **OFF/AUTO** button to save the new X529 channel. The e529 will reset.
2. Enter local Parameter Mode on the e529 and change the channel stored in e529 Local Par 224
  - A Press (and keep pressed) the **F/C** button on the e529.
  - B Press and release the **Off/Auto** button on the e529.
  - C Press and release the **Display** button on the e529.
  - D Release the **F/C** button.
  - E The LCD will display **P 0** in the center of the display.  
Quickly press the UP arrow button until **P 2** is selected. If you wait more than five seconds after entering service mode without pressing a button, the e529 will revert to normal operation.
  - F Press the **DISPLAY** button on the e529 to show the value of Parameter 2. Press the UP button to increase the displayed value to **6** then press the **DISPLAY** button to enter e529 local parameter mode.  
  
"LO MED HI" will appear at the bottom of the e529 display and **P 0** will appear in the center to indicate local service mode is active with local parameter **0** selected.
  - G Once in local parameter mode, use the DOWN arrow button to change the displayed local parameter number to **224**.
  - H Press the **DISPLAY** button on the e529 to show the value of Parameter 224. The displayed value will be a 2-digit hex number, with the left digit representing the channel #. Use the UP/DOWN arrow buttons to raise/lower the value until the left digit is the desired channel, AND the right digit is the same as it was before.
  - I Save the change by pressing the **OFF/AUTO** button. The e529 will reset.

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## Appendix D – Using the Palm Sneezer to Test and Troubleshoot e529/X529 Installations

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### Testing S541 IR Door Position Reporting

The e529 does not have a door test service function like the e528. However, the Palm PDA sneezer has an available program called “Door Test Utility” that can be used to completely test S541 door position reporting to the X529. Refer to the document *Palm Door Switch Tester Utility.PDF* for complete instructions.

If using an S541 IR door switch for door position reporting:

1. Start the Door Switch Tester program if not already started.
2. Verify all 3 filters (Door Srv, Swtch Add and Ch) are set to “0”.
3. Tap the **Start** button. **Running** will flash at the bottom of the display.
4. Open the door and verify the following sequence of events:
  - **209** should appear as the switch address.
  - **Jst Open** should appear initially as the switch status.
  - **Open** should appear as the door position server status.
  - **Open** should then appear as the door switch status.
5. Shut the door and verify the following sequence of events:
  - **209** should appear as the switch address.
  - **Jst Shut** should appear initially as the switch status.
  - **Shut** should appear as the door position server status.
  - **Shut** should then appear as the door switch status.

S541 troubleshooting:

1. If the switch address field remains blank, the Palm tester did not see any door position message traffic. Try opening and shutting the door again. If you still do not get any switch address or switch status or it's intermittent, verify that you are not too far away from the S541, and check to see if you have a bad line-of-site with the S541. Also verify that the batteries in the S541 are OK. The last number of the reported switch message indicates the battery state in the S541. If the last number is **0**, the batteries are good. If the last number is **1**, the batteries are low and should be changed.

Example of Switch Msg with good batteries: [.500D10060040]

Example of Switch Msg with low batteries: [.500D10060041]

**Note: Version 3.0 of the Door Test program will pop up a window indicating Low Battery if the S541 is reporting its battery is low.**

2. If the door server status remains blank for a few seconds and then changes to **No Srv!** accompanied by an audible beep, the X529 did not see the door position message from the S541. It is vital for the room door server (which is the X529) to receive door open/shut status from the S541 or other door switches in the room. Several other room status servers such as occupancy and HVAC control use the current entry door status reported by this door server message to function correctly.

If **No Srv!** appears for door server status, verify that the installation and position of the X529.

Does it have power? Is its IR5 Eye connected properly? Is it located such that there is a poor IR5 transmission path between the S541 and the X529?

Also check the jumper on the S541. It should be in the left position for room entry door.

Validating IR5 communication between the X529 and other IR5 devices (other than the e529):

There is currently no test to read the AGC level between the e529 and the X529 if you suspect an IR communication problem between them. You must rely on the e529 to X529 communication “dot” that appears on the e529 display for this. However, the **X529 Device Ping** program on the Palm Sneezer can be used to test communication between the X529 and other IR5 devices in the room, such as a TCT or S217.

1. Start the **X529 Device Ping** program if not already started.
2. Enter the X529 address in the **Addr?** field. It should typically be 14.
3. Enter the P5 channel being used for the devices in the **Chan!** field.
4. Enter the address of the device you want the X529 to “ping” in the **Tgt?** field.
5. Tap the **Start** button to start the test.
6. The X529 will begin sending commands out to read the target devices type, major and minor software version, and its AGC level.
7. The raw messages being sent from the X529 (frame sent) and replied from the target device (frame rcvd) are displayed.

The target device type, major and minor software versions, and the AGC level will be displayed. The number of times a read message was sent from the X529 to the target device, the number of responses received, and the success percentage are also displayed.

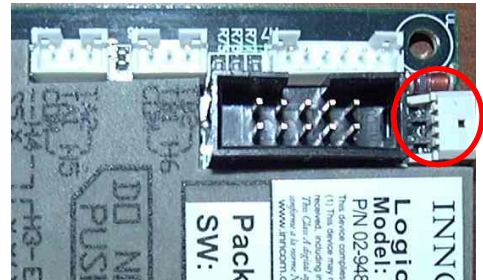
Indications of poor IR5 communication between the X529 and the target device are a high AGC level from the target device (typically >40 or so), low percentage success value, and a high **Miss Resp** number.

8. To stop the test, tap the **Stop** button. This will send a reset command to the X529. This is the only way to stop the test.

## Appendix E – Using the ES-1 Flash Memory Module with the e529/X529

The latest X529 hardware with 64K memory and X529 software 2.102 or later supports the ES-1 flash memory module. This version adds a tan, 5-pin ES-1 header (H9) to the X529 located next to the large black 10-pin programming header. Figure E-1 indicates the ES-1 H9 header with a red circle.

The ES-1 module provides the ability to copy software, HVAC and P5 settings from a “golden” X529 that has been properly configured to the ES-1 module. This ES-1 module can then be plugged into another X529 to load the software, HVAC, and/or P5 settings into this X529.



**Figure E-1. ES-1 H9 Header**

### To copy the X529 PROGRAM TO the ES-1 module:

1. Verify the reference X529 (the one you will copy from) functions as desired and has all the proper parameter settings.
2. On the reference X529, you need to execute Parameter 2 with a value of 20, which copies the X529 program into the ES-1.

Use the **Device Configuration** program of the Palm Sneezer to send the following dialog command **TO** the X529: **0006900020014**

- A. Enter 14 in the **Add?** field and the channel (if desired) in the **Ch?** field.
  - B. Tap the **Man Cmd** button to open a prompt to enter the desired manual command to send. Enter **0006900020014** as the command and tap **OK** to send the command.
3. The **DIAG** LED on the X529 will begin to flash rapidly.
  4. Insert the ES-1 module into the X529 tan H9 header.
    - The **DIAG** LED on the X529 will continue to flash rapidly as the program is loaded onto the ES-1 module.
    - The load will take approximately one minute.
    - The upload is complete when the X529 DIAG LED flashes slowly again (one per second).
  5. Remove the ES-1 from the e529.
  6. Label the ES-1 with software version, property name, etc if desired.

### To copy the X529 PROGRAM FROM the ES-1 module TO the X529:

1. Insert the ES-1 module into the H9 header on the X529 to be loaded.
2. The X529 will automatically start loading from the ES-1 to temporary memory on the X529. The DIAG LED will turn OFF for the duration of the load to temporary memory.
3. When the new program has been completely copied into the X529 temporary memory, the X529 will then begin copying the new program into permanent memory and the DIAG LED will flash rapidly.
4. When the DIAG LED starts flashing slowly again, the load is complete.
5. Remove the ES-1 module from the X529 H9 header.

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### To copy the X529 CONFIGURATION settings TO the ES-1 Module:

1. Verify the reference X529 (the one you will copy from) functions as desired and has all the proper configuration settings (HVAC and P5 settings).
2. On the reference X529, you need to execute Parameter 2 with one of the following values:

**21** to copy HVAC parameters to the ES-1

**22** to copy P5 parameters to the ES-1

**23** to copy HVAC AND P5 parameters to the ES-1

Use the "Device Configuration" program of the Palm Sneezer to send the following dialog command **TO** the X529: **00069000200XX** where XX is the hexadecimal value of 21, 22, or 23.

XX = **15 (21 decimal)** to copy HVAC parameters to the ES-1

**16 (22 decimal)** to copy P5 parameters to the ES-1

**17 (23 decimal)** to copy HVAC AND P5 parameters to the ES-1

- A. Enter "14" in the "Add?" field and the channel (if desired) in the "Ch?" field.
  - B. Tap the "Man Cmd" button to open a prompt to enter the desired manual command to send. Enter **00069000200XX** as the command (XX = 15, 16 or 17 as outlined) and tap "OK" to send the command.
3. The DIAG LED on the X529 will begin to flash rapidly
  4. Insert the ES-1 module into the X529 H9 header.
    - The DIAG LED will turn OFF briefly (~ 2 seconds) as the selected configuration settings are loaded onto the ES-1.
    - The upload is complete when the X529 DIAG LED flashes slowly again (one per second).
  5. Remove the ES-1 from the e529.
  6. Label the ES-1 with software version, property name, etc if desired.

### To copy the X529 configuration settings FROM the ES-1 module:

1. Insert the ES-1 module into the H9 header on the X529 to be loaded.
2. The X529 will automatically start loading configuration settings from the ES-1, and the DIAG LED will turn OFF for the duration of the load (approximately two seconds).
3. When the configuration settings load is complete, the X529 will RESET.

**IMPORTANT: DO NOT REMOVE the ES-1 until after the X529 resets. Doing so can corrupt the settings in the X529.**

4. Remove the ES-1 module from the X529 H9 header.



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## Appendix F – Obtaining Standalone ETM Runtime Data from the X529

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Reference: FTP:// Eng\_Data\Docs\Inncom \_Documents\e529\_X529\Standalone Run Time Meter.PDF

Normally, ETM energy savings data is available from the CIT5 Hotel “Savings” tab window in properties with a CINET or other communication backbone because the X529 can report ETM data to the CIS. In standalone properties, however, there is no CIS for the X529 to send ETM data toward. In this case, the ETM data must be manually collected locally from the X529. Typically, several rooms are picked to be “ETM” rooms and are configured to record ETM runtime data. These particular rooms randomly switch into “reference” mode and behave like mechanical thermostats, while recording the amount of time spent heating and cooling in normal and reference modes.

This run data is stored internally in the X529, and must be read out from the X529 for analysis to determine the energy savings achieved by the installed INNCOM thermostats. For systems with e528 thermostats, the data could be read using the e528 LCD display. However, this is not available on the X529. A Palm PDA “Sneezer” must be used to obtain the ETM runtime data. The following steps explain how to do this.

**Note: It is assumed that the X529(s) from which you will be obtaining the ETM data were previously reset and configured to record ETM data. If this has not been done, do not continue with this procedure.**

1. Go to the room from which you want to obtain the ETM run data.

**Important: Make sure you write down the Hotel name and room number from which you are capturing the ETM data.**

2. On the Palm PDA, start the **Device Configuration** program.
3. Enter **14** in the address (**Addr?**) field. Enter a different value if the X529 address is different.
4. Tap the **Trc** (trace) button, and you will be asked **Start IR5 trace?**. Tap **OK**.
5. An **Input?** prompt window will appear. This allows you to enter a “pre-command” to send out before actually starting to record trace data. Enter the following in the **Input?** Prompt text field: **00062**  
This is the command that tells the X529 to dump its stored ETM data out via IR.
6. Tap the **OK** button to send out the **00062** command and to start recording the IR5 traffic.
7. You should start to see IR5 messages appear at the bottom of the display, and **Tracing....** will begin flashing in the middle section of the display. The ETM data dump is quick and should have been sent within 5-10 seconds. Let the trace continue to run for 30 seconds to make sure you got it all, then tap the **Trc** button to stop the trace.
8. Quit the Device Configuration program on the Palm, and verify the trace text file was created on the Palm by doing the following steps.
  - A. Start the Palm **Memo Pad** program.
  - B. Change the memo category to **unfiled** using the listbox in the upper right corner of the display.
  - C. When a trace file is created, it is automatically given a name that includes a timestamp of when it was created. The filename will look like **Trc MMM\_DD\_YYYY\_Time**. The file with the most recent time stamp will be the captured trace file. Verify that this memo pad file was created. If it has not been created, repeat steps 1-8 and try creating the file again.
9. Now that the trace data has been captured and stored on the Palm PDA, you can either “hotsync” the Palm to transfer the trace file to a computer where it can then be analyzed or emailed, or you can manually write down the captured information and analyze or email it. The format of the captured data is shown in the example below.

The actual ETM runtime data contained in the trace file will be eight lines. The actual ETM runtime data starts after the "04X" ("X" is an index # with a range of 0 to 7), and should be 8 consecutive bytes (16 characters) for lines 0 to 5 and none for lines 6 and 7. The index# is included so you know that all the ETM runtime data was reported. If any of the lines 0 to 5 are missing, you need to capture the data again to get a complete dump.

Trc_Apr 13, 2005_9:40 am		
	[.5300E000003ECB]094013	
	[.D300E0DD90F3D19140080F400]094014	
	[.5300E000002F00]094015	
	[.5300E00000010C00FF00]094015	
	[.5300E0000004E1100]094016	
	[.5300E00000010C00FF00]094017	
	[.D300E01]094018	
	[.5300E01 <b>0400</b> E91E0000000000]094018	ETM
	[.5300E01 <b>0410</b> 0000000000E91E00]094019	
	[.5300E01 <b>0420</b> 000000D42100E0B3]094019	
	[.5300E01 <b>0430</b> 0000000000000000]094020	
	[.5300E01 <b>0440</b> 0000000000E91E00]094021	
	[.5300E01 <b>0450</b> 000000D42100E0B3]094021	
	[.5300E01 <b>046</b> ]094021	
	[.5300E01 <b>047</b> ]094022	
Runtime Data		

If manually writing down the ETM data to email, you just need to copy the 8 bytes (16 characters) from lines 0 to 5 and email to an AE:

**040** - 00E91E0000000000  
**041** - 0000000000E91E00  
**042** - 000000D42100E0B3  
**043** - 0000000000000000  
**044** - 0000000000E91E00  
**045** - 000000D42100E0B3

**Important: When sending or emailing the data to an INNCOM AE, indicate the hotel name and room number associated with the data.**

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## Revision History

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**Table 4. Revision History**

REVISION	DATE ISSUED	REASON FOR CHANGE
First issue	3/29/05	
Revision 1	4/13/05	Appendix E was added.
Revision 2	12/22/05	Text changes were made to support 64K memory hardware version.
Revision 3	2/23/06	Appendix D was added.
Revision 3.1	9/12/06	Text changes to Appendix D were made, and the manual was reformatted.